

UNU-FLORES

Institute for Integrated Management of Material Fluxes and of Resources



ADVANCING A **NEXUS APPROACH**TO THE SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF **WATER, SOIL** AND **WASTE**



INTERNATIONAL KICK-OFF WORKSHOP

11-12 NOVEMBER 2013 **DRESDEN, GERMANY**

The Sanitation Story in Himachal Pradesh

Context

- India account for 58% of World's Open Defecation occurring in the world (over 600 million every day)
- 69% of rural house holds defecate in the open and 13% urban (but safe confinement of excreta dismal even in urban areas)
- Himachal Pradesh one of 28 States
- Population 6.7 million, 90% rural

The Story

 Between 2001 and 2011 Rural Sanitation Coverage:

► India: 22% to 31%

> Himachal Pradesh: 31% to 68%

➤ HP exhibited most dramatic improvement in entire country

What made the Difference?

 Shift from Toilets Focus to Collective Behaviour change: Community Led Total Sanitation (CLTS)

> Campaign mode

➤ Monitor ODF environment not toilet coverage

> Policy and Process

Challenge: Rural

Sustaining the Change

➤ National Policy continues to focus on hardware

Challenge: Urban

Urban Importing the success from Rural

> Theory and Practice of City Sanitation Plans

Lessons

 Sanitation is primarily about Collective Behaviour Change and not Infrastructure Provision

 Policy must recognize and facilitate this by changing focus from 'entitlement' to empowerment