

UNU-FLORES

Institute for Integrated Management of Material Fluxes and of Resources



ADVANCING A **NEXUS APPROACH**TO THE SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT OF **WATER, SOIL** AND **WASTE**



INTERNATIONAL KICK-OFF WORKSHOP

11-12 NOVEMBER 2013 **DRESDEN, GERMANY**

Session III

Applied research and capacity building for development: Let's talk business

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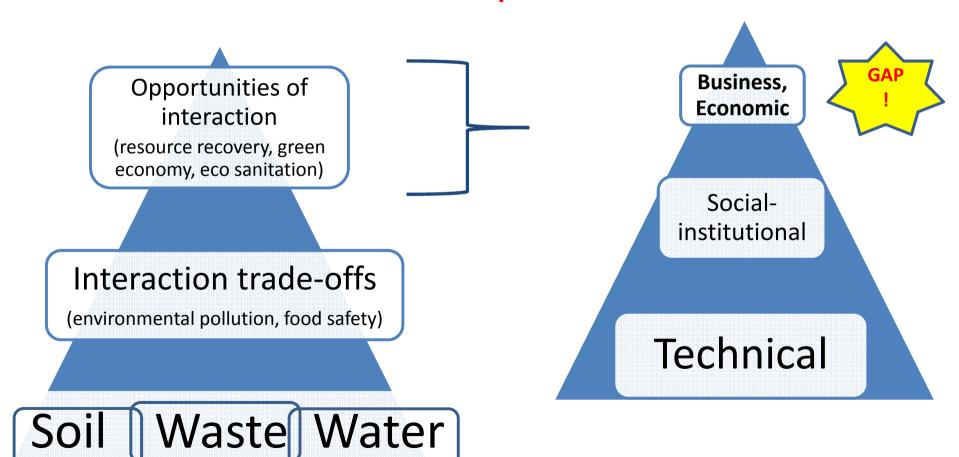








Which are the research topics to be addressed?



Source: Landscape analysis on waste reuse for BMGF, 2010



What are best practices in establishing integrated and interdisciplinary research programmes?

Example:



Subprogram on Resource Recovery & Reuse (RRR)

Flagship project funded: SDC, IFAD, BMGF

Objective: To learn from successful business cases of nutrient, water, & energy recovery and reuse from domestic & agro-industrial waste.

Status:

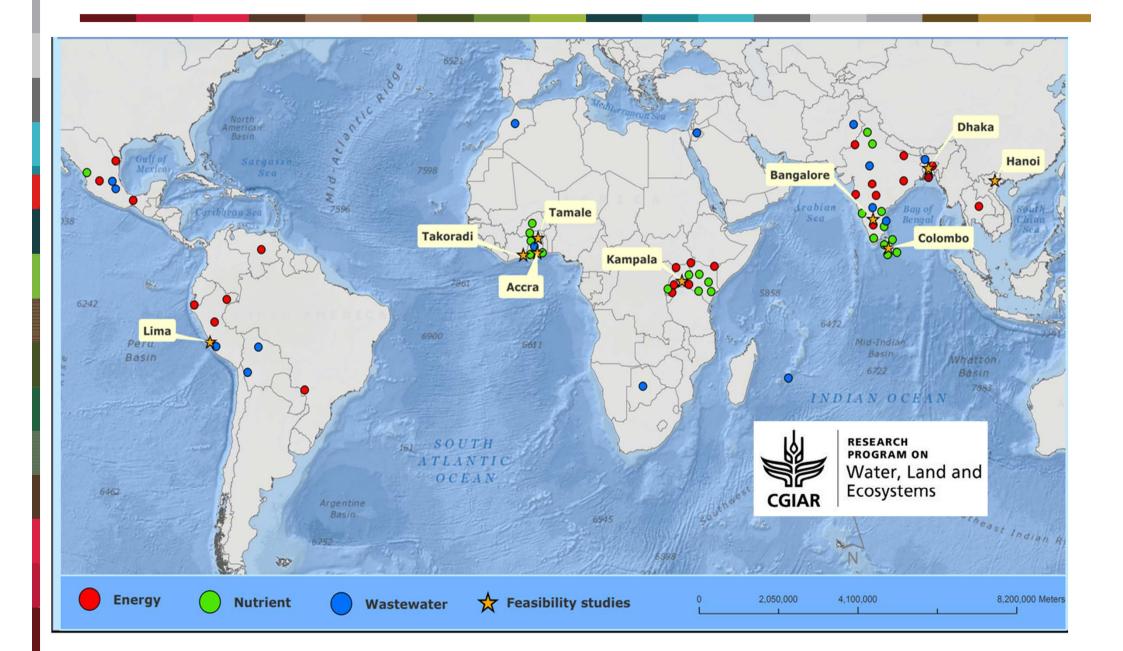
- Database of 150+ inspiring businesses from low-income countries.
- Selection of 60 cases for in-depth multi-disciplinary analysis.
- So far 20 promising business models extracted.
- Feasibility studies of these models started in 9 cities.
- Business model implementation till 2015 targeting 5 cities.

www.iwmi.org/Topics/RRR

http://wle.cgiar.org/rrr













Is there a need for specific nexus education programmes or should the concept be addressed in the framework of existing programmes on water/soil/waste management?

- Ideally, the nexus should be part of existing programs to break silos in research and institutions.
- There is a need for developing a theoretical framework to the nexus concept. Once we have an understanding of the concept and how to operationalize it, it can be applied to different capacity building programmes incl. business schools.







Which key issues and topics need to be addressed in a nexus curriculum?

- 1. The 'risks' of untreated waste affecting soil and water (environmental pollution, informal wastewater irrigation, ...).
- 2. The 'benefits' of treated waste supporting soil and water management (nutrient recovery, composting, water reuse, ...) and vice versa (constructed wetlands, land based filter, ...).
- The 'optimization' of benefits vs. risks in different settings, making the nexus technically feasible, economically viable & culturally acceptable.

Key requirements: inter-disciplinary, multi-criteria analysis, bio-economic simulation modeling, and skills in business planning.







